ORGANIZATIONAL AND INDIVIDUAL FACTORS AFFECTING WORK LIFE BALANCE OF MANAGERS IN COLOMBO DISTRICT, SRI LANKA

By

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GS/M.ScIMGT2950/06

Thesis submitted to the University of Sri Jayewardenepura for the award of the Degree of Master of Science in Management

on

12.110.2009

CANDIDATE'S DECLARATION

The work described in this thesis was carried out by me under the supervision of Professor H H D N P Opatha, Department of Human Resource Management of the University of Sri Jayewardenepura, and a report on this has not been submitted in whole or in part to any university or any other institution for another Degree.

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SUPERVISOR'S DECLARATION

I certify that the above statement made by the candidate is true and that this thesis is suitable for submission to the University of Sri Jayewardenepura for the purpose of evaluation.



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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

At the very outset, I wish to express my heartfelt gratitude to Professor H H D N P Opatha, the Supervisor of the thesis and Professor of Human Resource Management (on Merit) attached to the Department of Human Resource Management, University of Sri Jayewardenepura for his time, expertise, patience, and understanding by providing me with valuable guidance and advices in carrying out this research successfully. In spite of his busy work schedule, he was so generous and supportive in supervising the dissertation.

My sincere appreciation goes to Dr. P.D. Nimal, Coordinator, M.Sc Management Program for the guidance and assistance provided to me. I must also be grateful to Mr. K A S Dhammika, Head, Department of Human Resource Management, University of Kelaniya, Ms. Indumathi Welmilla, Senior Lecturer, Department of Human Resources Management, Mr. Ruwan Abesekara Senior Lecturer, Department of Accountancy, and Ms. Subhashini Weerakkody, Lecturer, Department of Human Resources Management. I wouldn't be performing this work without their continual encouragement and support.

Further, special thank goes to generous support and cooperation extended to me by my friends Nagahawatte, Kamal, Chathuni, Sandun, and Ms. Sujani in making this effort a success. This work would not have been possible without the sincerer support and the enthusiasm given to me by my husband, Rohan and my mother in law who stood beside me and encouraged me constantly. To conclude, my never ending love and gratitude goes to my mother and father for sacrifices they made and creating an environment which was supportive for my studies to a grater extent. I dedicate this research for their boundless love.

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ABSTRACT

This study examined "Organizational and Individual Factors Affecting Work Life Balance of Managers in Colombo District, Sri Lanka". The objectives of the study were to identify organizational factors affecting Work Life Balance of managers working in Colombo, Sri Lanka and to identify individual factors affecting Work Life Balance of managers working in Colombo, Sri Lanka. To achieve these objectives eight hypotheses were developed and tested. Based on the literature review, two organizational factors (Demand and Culture of Work and Demand and Culture of home) and six individual factors (Age, Gender, Education, Occupational Class, Personality, and Energy) were selected. The dependent variable of the study was Work Life Balance. Conceptual framework was based on the model presented by David E Guest (2002). The validity and the reliability of the instruments were tested by using appropriate methods. The type of this study is hypothesis testing and it was conducted in the natural setting with less interference of the researcher (non-contrived). The study is a cross-sectional in time and the primary data were collected by using convenient, judgmental and quota sampling and sample size was 162 managers who are working in Colombo. The unit of analysis was at individual level. To test the hypotheses,

correlation analysis, simple regression analysis, and multiple regression analysis tests were performed. Findings of the study reveal that both variables of the organizational factors positively and significantly affect on Work Life Balance of managers. Among them demand and culture of home has stronger impact than demand and culture of work. From the six variables of individual factors, occupational class and age of mangers have negative relationship with Work Life Balance. At the bivariate analysis, other than age, rest of the individual factors had significant impact on Work Life Balance.

Further, it should be noted that only 51% (Adjusted R Square) of the variance of Work Life Balance has been explained by the variables of model considered by the researcher. There are other factors which explain 49% of Work Life Balance that must be taken into account simultaneously to yield better results.

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