AN EMPIRICAL STUDY OF SITUATIONAL, LEADER AND TEAM MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS ON COACH LEADERSHIP BEHAVIOR STYLES EXHIBITED BY THE COACHES OF STATE UNIVERSITIES IN WESTERN PROVINCE

H. P. N. Perera¹, M.D. Pushpakumari²

¹ Faculty of Applied Sciences, University of Sri Jayewardenepura
² Department of Business Administration, Faculty of Management Studies and Commerce. University of Sri Jayewardenepura *piumiri@yahoo.com*

Leadership in sports has been studied mostly in terms of coach-leadership. Coach leadership beha has an impact on players' performance. The purpose of this study was to investigate the impact & situational characteristics, leader characteristics, and team member characteristics on coach leaderate behavior styles in sports in state universities in Western Province (University of Colombo, Ketate x² Moratuwa and Sri Jayewardenepura) Sri Lanka. This study was conducted during the inter-university games held in 2014 considering the events of basketball, netball, volleyball, and Elle. Two hunter and ninety one athletes from Western Province state universities participated in this study. Generation age, locus of control, and level of education and training variables were considered under cure characteristics. Nature of the sport, level of competition, and previous success and/or failure recomwere considered as situational factors which affect coach behaviors. Team member characteristic taken into consideration were gender, age, culture, and experiences. Data were collected through a standard questionnaire which was derived from the revised leadership scale for sports. questionnaire was further modified to suit the Sri Lankan context. Mean calculations was used are parametric test to derive the influence of situational characteristics of the coach, leader characteristic and team member characteristics on coach leadership behavior. Statistical calculations were using SPSS. It was found that coaches carry out more training and instruction behavior in relations females than males. Further, compared to females, males urge a higher influence on coaches to access an autocratic behavior. Results further revealed that when the experiences of the athletes are less. prefer their coaches to be more democratic. Additionally, it is found that the coaches carry out out situational consideration behavior when the level of competition is high. It can be concluded they as situational, leader, and team member characteristics have a moderate influence on coach leader behavior. Further, the research on sports management is in primary stages in Sri Lanka. The final stages in Sri Lanka. of the present study may influence researchers to engage in further research and also will be store for coaches to make decisions on athletes.

Keywords: Coach leadership, team member characteristics, situational characteristics, leader characteristics, athletes